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Speech by

His Excellency Dr. Ahmed Shaheed,

Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Maldives

at the

Inaugural Session

of the

**Human Rights Council of the
United Nations**

21st June 2006



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Mr. President,

On behalf of my delegation, I would first of all like to congratulate you on your election as the first ever President of the Human Rights Council and to wish you and your colleagues every success in ensuring that the Council builds on the accomplishments of its predecessor, the Commission on Human Rights.

Mr. President,

The Maldives warmly welcomes the inauguration of the new Human Rights Council and its stated aim of “promoting universal respect for the protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction of any kind and in a fair and equal manner”.

The inauguration of the Human Rights Council comes at an important time in the democratic history of the Maldives. The country is embarked on an ambitious reform programme designed to bring its political institutions into line with modern democratic and human rights standards. The international community has played and continues to play a key role in this reform process, offering invaluable advice, support and expertise.

Building on this trend of international engagement, it is our sincere hope that over the coming years, we will be able to work closely with the newly inaugurated Human Rights Council to bring about real and lasting improvements in human rights protection in the Maldives.

Mr. President,

The Maldives has achieved an incredible level of economic and social development over the past twenty years. The economy has grown by an average rate of 9 percent per year since 1978, with the result that the Maldives now has the highest per capita GDP in South Asia. This robust economic performance has in-turn allowed the country to invest in its social development. Since 1978, infant mortality has been reduced from 120 per thousand live births to just 14, life expectancy has increased from 48 years to 72 years and the literacy rate now stands at 98%, the highest rate in the South Asia and Indian Ocean regions. These achievements together mean that, even taking account of the devastating